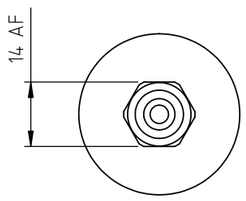
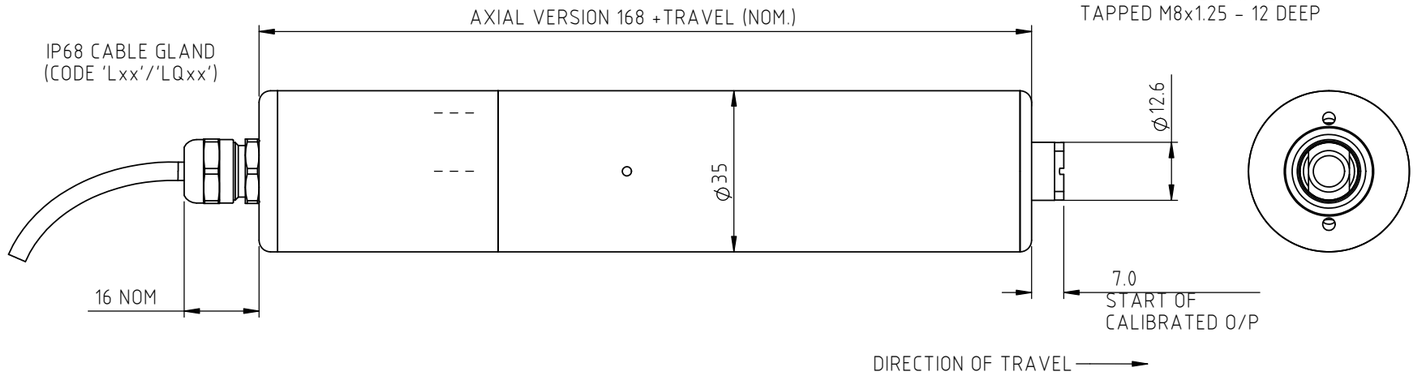
NOTE. ROD-EYE ORIENTATION NOT GUARANTEED





ELECTRICAL OPTIONS/ SPECIFICATIONS

OUTPUT	SUPPLY (NOM)
'A' 0.5 - 4.5V RATIOMETRIC	5V

SUPPLY CURRENT 12mA TYP. 20mA MAX.

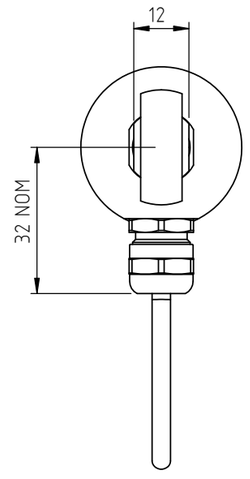
CONNECTIONS:	CABLE	
	3-CORE	5-CORE
+Ve	RED	RED
+SENSE (5-WIRE ONLY)	-	ORANGE
0V	BLACK	BLACK
-SENSE (5-WIRE ONLY)	-	GRAY
OUTPUT	WHITE	BLUE
BODY	SCREEN	SCREEN

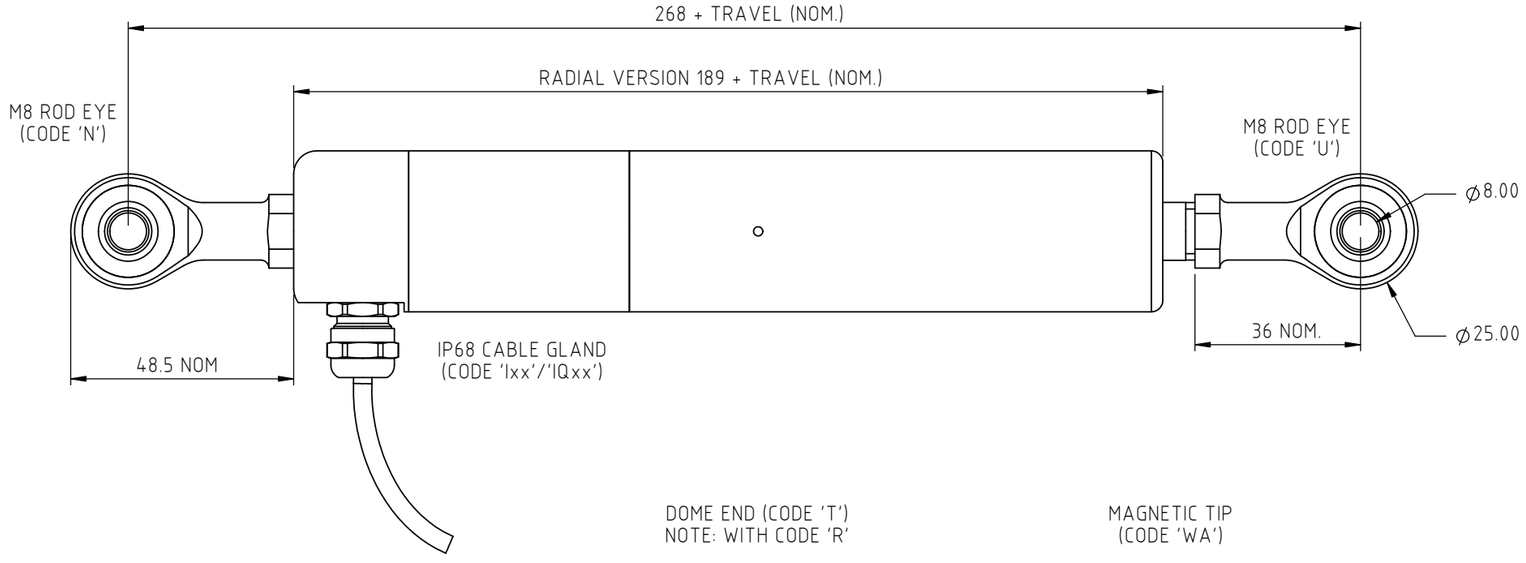
CABLE; 0.2mm², O/A SCREEN, PUR JACKET, SUPPLIED WITH 50cm OR REQUIRED LENGTH IN cm (15000cm MAX).
STANDARD 3-CORE: BLACK Ø4mm JACKET e.g. L50
OPTIONAL 5-CORE: BLUE Ø4.6mm JACKET e.g. LQ50

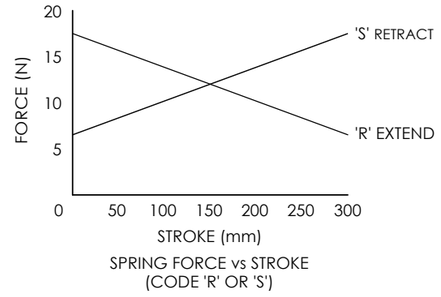
RANGE OF DISPLACEMENT FROM 0-5mm TO 0-800mm e.g. 76.
BODY MATERIAL:- STAINLESS STEEL 316.

FURTHER OPTIONS:
BODY CLAMP CODE 'P'
TWO BODY CLAMPS CODE 'P2'
CLAMP CONSISTS OF 2 PARTS AND
REQUIRES 2 OFF M6x55 (MIN.) CAPHEAD SCREWS.

SPRUNG PUSH-ROD, ≤300mm:
EXTENDED POSITION CODE 'R'. RETRACTED CODE 'S'
PUSH-ROD FREE CODE 'V' - NOT AVAILABLE WITH CODES 'R' OR 'S'

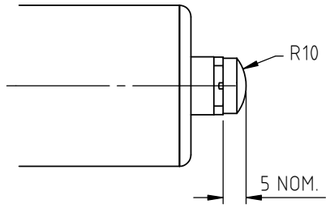




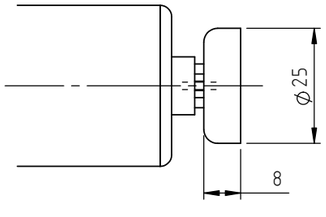


SPRING FORCE vs STROKE
(CODE 'R' OR 'S')

DOME END (CODE 'T')
NOTE: WITH CODE 'R'



MAGNETIC TIP
(CODE 'WA')



NOTE:- READ INSTALLATION SHEET M115-19
FOR FULL INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE.

ATEX / IECEX / UKEX APPROVED TO
Ⓔx I/II M1/1GD
Ex ia IIC T4 Ga (Ta= -40° to +80°C)
Ex ia IIIC T135°C Da (Ta= -40° to +80°C)
Ex ia I Ma (Ta= -40° to +80°C)
Ui 11.4V, Ii 0.2A, Pi 0.51W

APPROVED FOR USE IN CONJUNCTION
WITH A GALVANICALLY ISOLATED BARRIER.

NOTE: APPROVAL ONLY APPLIES AT NORMAL
ATMOSPHERIC PRESSURE!

MAXIMUM WORKING DEPTH: 100m (328 ft).
WHERE THE FREE END OF THE CABLE IS TO BE TERMINATED IN A SUBMERGED POSITION, ADEQUATE SEALING MUST BE PROVIDED TO PROTECT CONNECTIONS.

REV	CHANGE HISTORY	DR'WN	DATE	CHK'D
G	RAN1311 - MAGNETIC TIP OPTION 'WA' ADDED	ASC	02/06/2023	ASC

THE PUSH-ROD RETRACTS 4mm NOM. BACK FROM THE START OF CALIBRATED TRAVEL.
THE PUSH-ROD EXTENDS 8mm NOM. BEYOND THE END OF CALIBRATED TRAVEL.
SPRUNG OPTIONS:- CODE 'R': 1mm, CODE 'S': 2mm.
CODE 'V': PUSH-ROD NOT RETAINED.

Positek

APPROVED BY	REV		X ±0.4 X.X ±0.2 X.XX ±0.1 DIMS mm
RDM	G		

DESCRIPTION M115 INTRINSICALLY SAFE
RUGGED SUBMERSIBLE STAND ALONE
LINEAR POSITION SENSOR

SCALE	DRAWING NUMBER
3:4	M115-11
A3	SHEET 1 OF 1

M115 RUGGED SUBMERSIBLE STAND-ALONE LINEAR POSITION SENSOR
INTRINSICALLY SAFE FOR HAZARDOUS MINING ENVIRONMENTS

- **Intrinsically safe for Mining to: Ex I/II M1/1GD**
- **Non-contacting inductive technology to eliminate wear**
- **Travel set to customer's requirement**
- **Compact and self-contained**
- **High durability and reliability**
- **High accuracy and stability**
- **Sealing to IP68 10bar/IP69K**

As a leading designer and manufacturer of linear, rotary, tilt and intrinsically safe position sensors, Positek® has the expertise to supply a sensor to suit a wide variety of applications.

Our intrinsically safe M115 incorporates electronics system EX07 which is ATEX / IECEx / UKEX approved for use in potentially explosive **gas/vapour and dust** atmospheres and **mining** environments. The M115 is a heavy-duty version of the M114 sensor with a stronger 12.6mm push rod, recommended for applications where vibration is an issue or there is a need for longer travel sensors which are to be mounted horizontally between rod eyes. It remains an affordable, durable, high-accuracy position sensor designed for applications where the sensor would be completely submerged during normal operation. The unit is highly compact and space-efficient, being responsive along almost its entire length. Like all Positek® sensors, the M115 provides a linear output proportional to travel. Each sensor is supplied with the output calibrated to the travel required by the customer, from 5 to 800mm and with full EMC protection built in. The sensor is very robust, the body and push rod being made of 316 stainless steel for long service life and environmental resistance. Overall performance, repeatability and stability are outstanding over a wide temperature range. The sensor is easy to install with mounting options including stainless steel M8 rod eye bearings and body clamps. The push rod can be supplied free or captive with female M8 thread, an M8 rod eye, dome end or magnetic tip. M12 and 1/2" rod eye option available. Captive push rods can be sprung loaded, in either direction, on sensors up to 300mm of travel. The M115 also offers a selection of mechanical options and is sealed to IP68 10bar/IP69K

SPECIFICATION

Dimensions

Body diameter	35 mm
Body length (Axial version)	calibrated travel + 168 mm
Body length (Radial version)	calibrated travel + 189 mm
Push rod extension	calibrated travel + 7 mm, OD 12.6 mm

For full mechanical details see drawing M115-11

Power Supply	+5V dc nom. ± 0.5V, 10mA typ 20mA max
Output Signal	0.5-4.5V dc ratiometric, Load: 5kΩ min.
Independent Linearity	≤ ± 0.25% FSO @ 20°C - up to 450 mm ≤ ± 0.5% FSO @ 20°C - over 450 mm ≤ ± 0.1% FSO @ 20°C* available upon request.

*Sensors with calibrated travel from 10 mm up to 400 mm.

Temperature Coefficients	< ± 0.01%/°C Gain & < ± 0.01%FS/°C Offset
Frequency Response	> 10 kHz (-3dB)
Resolution	Infinite
Noise	< 0.02% FSO
Intrinsic Safety	Ex I/II M1/1GD Ex ia IIC T4 Ga (Ta= -40°C to 80°C) Ex ia IIIC T135°C Da (Ta= -40°C to 80°C) Ex ia Ma (Ta= -40°C to 80°C)

Approval only applies to the specified ambient temperature range and atmospheric conditions in the range 0.80 to 1.10 Bar, oxygen ≤ 21%

Sensor Input Parameters	Ui: 11.4V, Ii: 0.20A, Pi: 0.51W.
(without cable)	Ci: 1.16µF, Li: 50µH
(with cable)	Ci: 1.36µF, Li: 860µH with 1km max. cable
Environmental Temperature Limits (Non Icing)	
Operating	-40°C to +80°C
Storage	-40°C to +125°C
Sealing	IP68 10bar/IP69K
EMC Performance	EN 61000-6-2, EN 61000-6-3
Vibration	IEC 68-2-6: 10 g
Shock	IEC 68-2-29: 40 g
MTBF	350,000 hrs 40°C Gf
Drawing List	
M115-11	Sensor Outline

Drawings, in AutoCAD® dwg or dxf format, available on request.

Do you need a position sensor made to order to suit a particular installation requirement or specification? We'll be happy to modify any of our designs to suit your needs - please contact us with your requirements.

For further information please contact:
www.positek.com sales@positek.com
Tel: +44(0)1242 820027 fax: +44(0)1242 820615
Positek, Andoversford Industrial Estate, Cheltenham GL54 4LB. U.K.

M115 RUGGED SUBMERSIBLE STAND-ALONE LINEAR POSITION SENSOR
INTRINSICALLY SAFE FOR HAZARDOUS MINING ENVIRONMENTS

Intrinsically safe equipment is defined as *"equipment which is incapable of releasing sufficient electrical or thermal energy under normal or abnormal conditions to cause ignition of a specific hazardous atmosphere mixture in its most easily ignited concentration."*

ATEX / IECEx / UKEX approved to;
Ex I/II M1/GD
Ex ia IIC T4 Ga (Ta= -40°C to 80°C)
Ex ia IIIC T135°C Da (Ta= -40°C to 80°C)
Ex ia I Ma (Ta=-40°C to 80°C)

Designates the sensor as belonging to; Groups I and II: suitable for all areas **(including mining)**, Category M1/1 GD: can be used in areas with continuous, long or frequent periods of exposure to hazardous gas (Zones 2 to 0) and dust (Zone 20), equipment remains energised.

Gas / Vapour:

Protection class ia, denotes intrinsically safe for all zones

Apparatus group IIC: suitable for IIA, IIB and IIC explosive gas / vapour.

Temperature class T4: maximum surface temperature under fault conditions 135°C.

Dust:

T135°C: maximum surface temperature under fault conditions.

Ambient temperature range extended to -40°C to +80°C.

It is imperative Positek® intrinsically safe sensors be used in conjunction with a galvanic barrier to meet the requirements of the product certification. The Positek X005 Galvanic Isolation Amplifier is purpose made for Positek IS sensors making it the perfect choice. Refer to the X005 datasheet for product specification and output configuration options.

Safety Parameters:-

Ui: 11.4V, Ii: 0.20A, Pi: 0.51W
Ci = 1.36µF* Li = 860µH* (cable option/s)
Ci = 1.16µF Li = 50µH (connector option/s)

*Figures for 1km cable where: Ci = 200pF/m & Li = 810nH/m

Sensors can be installed with a maximum of 1000m of cable. Cable characteristics must not exceed:-

Capacitance:	≤ 200 pF/m	for max. total of:	200 nF.
Inductance:	≤ 810 nH/m	for max. total of:	810 µH.

For cable lengths exceeding 10 metres a five wire connection is recommended to eliminate errors introduced by cable resistance and associated temperature coefficients.

ATEX / IECEX / UKEX approved sensors suitable for gas (X series) and dust (E series) applications, are also available from Positek.

TABLE OF OPTIONS

CALIBRATED TRAVEL: Factory-set to any length from 5 to 800 mm in increments of 1 mm.

ELECTRICAL INTERFACE OPTIONS

The Positek® **X005** Galvanic Isolation Amplifier is available with the following output options;

Standard:	0.5 - 9.5V or 4 - 20mA.
Reverse:	9.5 - 0.5V or 20 - 4mA.

CONNECTOR/CABLE OPTIONS

Cable with Pg 7 gland — Axial or Radial, IP68 10bar/IP69K

Three core (black jacket) or five core (blue jacket) cable options available. Cable length >50 cm – please specify length in cm up to 15000 cm max.

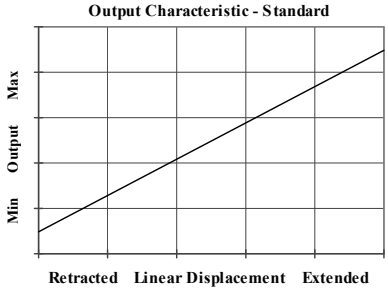
We recommend all customers refer to the 3 or 5-Wire Mode Connection page.

MOUNTING OPTIONS

M8 rod eye bearing (radial versions), Body Tube Clamp/s (axial or radial versions). M12 and 1/2" rod eye option available.

PUSH ROD OPTIONS – Retained† or Free with M8x1.25 female thread, M8 rod eye bearing or Magnetic tip, Spring loaded - retract or extend, Dome end#.

† standard, retained with female thread.
# with spring extend.



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Three or Five-Wire Mode Connection

FOR INTRINSICALLY SAFE SENSORS IN HAZARDOUS ATMOSPHERES

The aim of this document is to help readers who do not understand what is meant by three or five wire modes of connection between the galvanic isolation amplifier and sensor, and the factors behind them. It is by no means an in-depth technical analysis of the subject.

Whether opting for a pre-wired Positek® Intrinsically Safe sensor or one with a connector, choosing the right mode of connection and cable to suit the application requires careful consideration.

Interconnecting cables are not perfect conductors and offer resistance to current flow, the magnitude of resistance† depends on conductors resistivity, which changes with temperature, cross sectional area‡ and length. If the voltage were to be measured at both ends of a length of wire it would be found they are different, this is known as volts drop. Volts drop changes with current flow and can be calculated using Ohm's law, it should be noted that volts drop occurs in both positive and negative conductors. The effects of volts drop can be reduced by increasing the conductors cross sectional area, this does not however eliminate the effects due to temperature variation. There are instances where large cross-section cables are not practical; for example most standard industrial connectors of the type used for sensors have a maximum conductor capacity of 0.75mm², copper prices and ease of installation are other considerations.

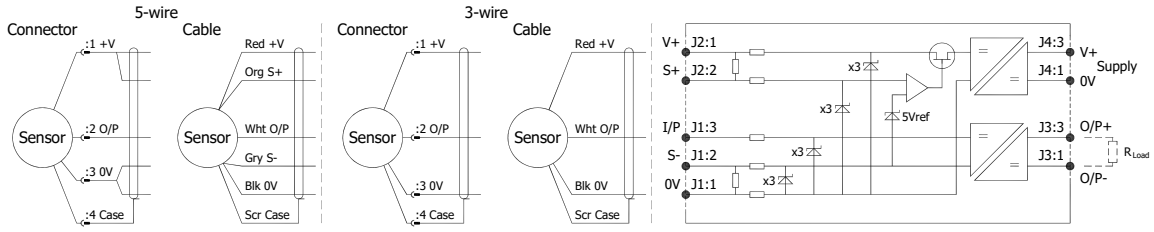
This is important because the effects of volts drop can significantly alter the perceived accuracy of the sensor which is ratiometric i.e. the output signal is directly affected by the voltage across the sensor. Changes in temperature will also be seen as gain variation in the sensor output.

Three wire mode connections are common and are suitable in most cases with short or moderate cable runs. Applications that do not require a high degree of accuracy but have cable runs, say in excess of 10m, volts drop can reduced by introducing a terminal box close to the sensor and using a larger cross-section cable for a majority of the cable run. Sensors supplied with three core cable are calibrated with the cable fitted which largely eliminates errors due to conductor resistance at room temperature however, as mentioned above, small gain errors due to temperature fluctuations should be expected.

Five wire mode connections have significant benefits as losses in the positive and negative conductors are compensated for by the galvanic isolation amplifier which can 'sense' the voltage across the sensor and dynamically adjust the output voltage so that the voltage across the sensor is correct. The effects of cable resistance and associated temperature coefficients are eliminated allowing for smaller conductors than a three wire connection for the same cable run. The amplifier can compensate for up to 15Ω per conductor with a current flow of 15mA, which is more than adequate for 150m of 0.25 mm² cable, longer lengths will require larger conductors.

For this reason Positek® recommends five wire connections for cable lengths exceeding 10 metres in 0.25 mm² cable to preserve the full accuracy of the sensor.

See illustrations below for examples of connecting a sensor to the galvanic isolation amplifier.



Cable Length (metres)	Up to 150	150 - 300	300 - 450	450 - 600	600 - 900	900 - 1000
Cross Section (mm²)	0.25	0.5	0.75	1.0	1.5	2.0

The table above shows recommended conductor sizes with respect to cable length for both three and five wire connections, based on copper conductors. Three wire connections will introduce a gain reduction of 5% and a ±1% temperature dependence of gain over the range -40°C to +80°C for the cable temperature. (i.e. about –150 ppm/°C for the maximum lengths shown and less pro rata for shorter lengths.)

It should be noted that the maximum cable length, as specified in the sensor certification, takes **precedence** and **must not** be exceeded.

Positek® sensors are supplied with three core 0.25 mm² cable as standard, however five core 0.25 mm² cable can be supplied on request. The galvanic isolation amplifier is available as;

G005-*** for 'G' and 'H' prefix sensors
X005-*** for 'E', 'M' and 'X' prefix sensors

† R = ρL/A ρ is the resistivity of the conductor (Ωm) L is the length of conductor (m) A is the conductor cross-sectional area (m²).
‡ It is presumed that **d**irect **c**urrent flow is uniform across the cross-section of the wire, the galvanic isolation amplifier and sensor are a dc system.

For further information please contact:
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Intrinsically Safe - Mining Environments

M115 Rugged Submersible Stand-Alone Linear Position Sensor

	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	j
M115	. Displacement	A	Connections	Option	Option	Option	Option	Option	Z-code

a **Displacement** (mm)		**Value**
Displacement in mm	e.g. 0 - 254 mm	**254**

b **Output**		
Supply V dc V_s (tolerance)	**Output**	**Code**
+5V (4.5 - 5.5V)	0.5 - 4.5V (ratiometric with supply)	**A**

c **Connections**		**Code**
Cable Gland - Radial	IP68 10bar - 3-core cable	**Ixx**
	IP68 10bar - 5-core cable	**IQxx**
Cable Gland - Axial	IP68 10bar - 3-core cable	**Lxx**
	IP68 10bar- 5-core cable	**LQxx**

Specify required cable length '**xx**' in cm. e.g. L2000 specifies cable gland with 20 m of cable, 50 cm supplied as standard.

d **Body Fittings**		**Code**
None - default		blank
M8 Rod-eye Bearing	Radial body style only	**N**

e **Body Clamps**		**Code**
Body Clamps - 1 pair		**P**
Body Clamps - 2 pairs		**P2**

f **Sprung Push Rod**		**Code**
None - default		blank
Spring Extend	Up to 300mm displacement. Captive push rod only.	**R**
Spring Retract		**S**

g **Push Rod Fittings**		**Code**
None - default	Female Thread M8x1.25x12 deep	blank
Dome end	Requires option 'R'	**T**
M8 Rod-eye Bearing		**U**
Magnetic Tip		**WA**

h **Push Rod Options**		**Code**
Captive - default	Push rod is retained	blank
Non-captive	Push rod can depart body	**V**

j **Z-code**	**Code**
Calibration to suit X005 - Default	**Z000**
≤± 0.1% @20°C Independent Linearity displacement between 10mm & 400mm only!	**Z650**
1/2" Rod eye options available	**Z825**
M12 Rod eye options available	**Z826**

Note!

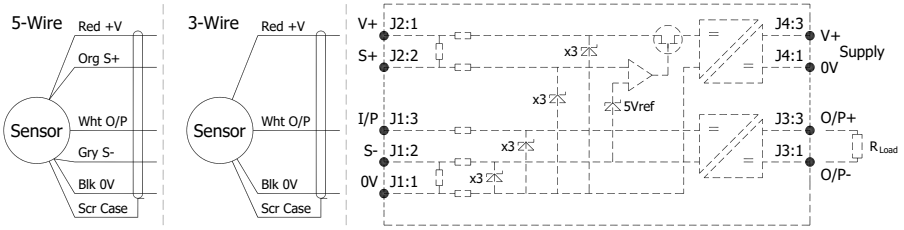
All Intrinsically Safe (IS) sensors must have a Z-code suffix.
IS sensors must be used in conjunction with a Galvanic Isolation Amplifier - See X005 for Output options.

Installation Information

M115 RUGGED SUBMERSIBLE STAND-ALONE LINEAR POSITION SENSOR

INTRINSICALLY SAFE FOR HAZARDOUS MINING ENVIRONMENTS

ATEX / IECEx / UKEX Qualified to Intrinsic Safety Standard Certificate numbers SIRA 13ATEX2371X IECEx SIR 13.0154X CSAE 21UKEX2537X			Ex I/II M1/1GD Ex ia IIC T4 Ga (Ta = -40°C to +80°C) Ex ia IIIC T135°C Da (Ta = -40°C to +80°C) Ex ia I Ma (Ta = -40 to +80°C)
Electronics Version	**Output Description:**	**Supply Voltage:** V_s (tolerance)	**Load resistance:**
EX07	0.5 - 4.5V (ratiometric with supply) [Output code 'A']	+5V (4.5 - 5.5V)	5kΩ min



Putting Into Service: The sensor must be used with a galvanic isolation barrier designed to supply the sensor with a nominal 5V and to transmit the sensor output to a safe area. The barrier parameters must not exceed:-

Ui = 11.4V	**Ii = 0.20A**	**Pi = 0.51W**
Ci = 1.36µF*	**Li = 860µH***	('Ixx', 'IQxx', 'Lxx' or 'LQxx' options) *Figures for 1km cable
Ci = 1.16µF	**Li = 50µH**	(without cable)

The sensor is certified to be used with up to **1000m** of cable, cable characteristics must not exceed:-

Capacitance:	≤ 200 pF/m	or max. total of:	200 nF
Inductance:	≤ 810 nH/m	or max. total of:	810 µH

Approval only applies to specified ambient temperature range and atmospheric conditions in the range: 0.80 to 1.10 Bar, oxygen ≤ 21%.

The performance of the sensor may be affected by voltage drops associated with long cable lengths; For cable lengths exceeding 10 metres a five wire connection is recommended to eliminate errors introduced by cable resistance and associated temperature coefficients.

N.b. Where the free end is to be terminated in a submerged position adequate sealing must be provided to protect connections

Special Condition for Safe Use:

The apparatus does not meet the 500 V r.m.s dielectric strength test between circuit and frame, in accordance with clause 6.3.13 of IEC 60079-11:2011. This must be taken into consideration on installation.

When using a Sensor that has an integral cable in a dust application, the free end of the cable shall be appropriately terminated for the zone of use.

Under certain extreme circumstances, the non-metallic and isolated metal parts incorporated in the enclosure of this equipment may generate an ignition-capable level of electrostatic charge. Therefore the equipment shall not be installed in a location where the external conditions are conducive to the build-up of electrostatic charge on such surfaces. This is particularly important if the equipment is installed in a zone 0 location. In addition, the equipment shall only be cleaned with a damp cloth.

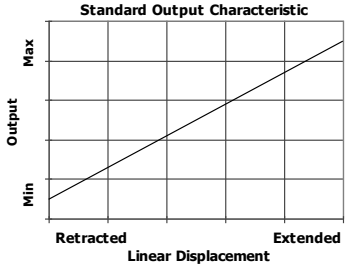
Use: The sensor is designed to measure linear displacement and provide an analogue output signal.

Assembly and Dismantling: The unit is not to be serviced or dismantled and re-assembled by the user.

Maintenance: No maintenance is required..

Mechanical Mounting: Depending on options; body can be mounted by rod eye bearing or by clamping the sensor body - body clamps are available, if not already ordered. Target by M8x1.25 female thread, rod eye bearing or magnetic tip. It is assumed that the sensor and target mounting points share a common earth.

Output Characteristic: Target is extended 7 mm from end of body at start of normal travel. The output increases as the target extends from the sensor body, the calibrated stroke is between 5 mm and 800 mm.



Incorrect Connection Protection levels: Not protected – the sensor is **not** protected against either reverse polarity or over-voltage. The risk of damage should be minimal where the supply current is limited to less than 50mA.

For further information please contact:
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